

25.5.14

P: $y_{n+1} = y_{n-5} + \frac{3h}{10} (11y'_n - 14y'_{n-1} + 26y'_{n-2} - 14y'_{n-3} + 11y'_{n-4}) + O(h^7)$

C: $y_{n+1} = y_{n-3} + \frac{2h}{45} (7y'_{n+1} + 32y'_n + 12y'_{n-1} + 32y'_{n-2} + 7y'_{n-3}) + O(h^7)$

Formulas Using Higher Derivatives

25.5.15

P: $y_{n+1} = y_{n-2} + 3(y_n - y_{n-1}) + h^2(y''_n - y''_{n-1}) + O(h^5)$

C: $y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} (y'_{n+1} + y'_n) - \frac{h^2}{12} (y''_{n+1} - y''_n) + O(h^5)$

25.5.16

P: $y_{n+1} = y_{n-2} + 3(y_n - y_{n-1}) + \frac{h^3}{2} (y'''_n + y'''_{n-1}) + O(h^7)$

C: $y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} (y'_{n+1} + y'_n) - \frac{h^2}{10} (y''_{n+1} - y''_n) + \frac{h^3}{120} (y'''_{n+1} + y'''_n) + O(h^7)$

Systems of Differential Equations

First Order: $y' = f(x, y, z), z' = g(x, y, z).$

Second Order Runge-Kutta

25.5.17

$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{1}{2} (k_1 + k_2) + O(h^3),$
 $z_{n+1} = z_n + \frac{1}{2} (l_1 + l_2) + O(h^3)$

$k_1 = hf(x_n, y_n, z_n), \quad l_1 = hg(x_n, y_n, z_n)$

$k_2 = hf(x_n + h, y_n + k_1, z_n + l_1),$

$l_2 = hg(x_n + h, y_n + k_1, z_n + l_1)$

Fourth Order Runge-Kutta

25.5.18

$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{1}{6} (k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4) + O(h^5),$
 $z_{n+1} = z_n + \frac{1}{6} (l_1 + 2l_2 + 2l_3 + l_4) + O(h^5)$

$k_1 = hf(x_n, y_n, z_n) \quad l_1 = hg(x_n, y_n, z_n)$

$k_2 = hf\left(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{1}{2}k_1, z_n + \frac{1}{2}l_1\right)$

$l_2 = hg\left(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{1}{2}k_1, z_n + \frac{1}{2}l_1\right)$

$k_3 = hf\left(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{1}{2}k_2, z_n + \frac{1}{2}l_2\right)$
 $l_3 = hg\left(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{1}{2}k_2, z_n + \frac{1}{2}l_2\right)$
 $k_4 = hf(x_n + h, y_n + k_3, z_n + l_3)$
 $l_4 = hg(x_n + h, y_n + k_3, z_n + l_3)$

Second Order: $y'' = f(x, y, y')$

Milne's Method

25.5.19

P: $y'_{n+1} = y'_{n-3} + \frac{4h}{3} (2y''_{n-2} - y''_{n-1} + 2y''_n) + O(h^5)$

C: $y'_{n+1} = y'_{n-1} + \frac{h}{3} (y''_{n-1} + 4y''_n + y''_{n+1}) + O(h^5)$

Runge-Kutta Method

25.5.20

$y_{n+1} = y_n + h \left[y'_n + \frac{1}{6} (k_1 + k_2 + k_3) \right] + O(h^5)$

$y'_{n+1} = y'_n + \frac{1}{6} (k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)$

$k_1 = hf(x_n, y_n, y'_n)$

$k_2 = hf\left(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{h}{2}y'_n + \frac{h}{8}k_1, y'_n + \frac{k_1}{2}\right)$

$k_3 = hf\left(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{h}{2}y'_n + \frac{h}{8}k_1, y'_n + \frac{k_2}{2}\right)$ *

$k_4 = hf\left(x_n + h, y_n + hy'_n + \frac{h}{2}k_3, y'_n + k_3\right)$

Second Order: $y'' = f(x, y)$

Milne's Method

25.5.21

P: $y_{n+1} = y_n + y_{n-2} - y_{n-3} + \frac{h^2}{4} (5y''_n + 2y''_{n-1} + 5y''_{n-2}) + O(h^6)$

C: $y_n = 2y_{n-1} - y_{n-2} + \frac{h^2}{12} (y''_n + 10y''_{n-1} + y''_{n-2}) + O(h^6)$

Runge-Kutta Method

25.5.22 $y_{n+1} = y_n + h \left(y'_n + \frac{1}{6} (k_1 + 2k_2) \right) + O(h^4)$

$y'_{n+1} = y'_n + \frac{1}{6}k_1 + \frac{2}{3}k_2 + \frac{1}{6}k_3$

$k_1 = hf(x_n, y_n)$

$k_2 = hf\left(x_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_n + \frac{h}{2}y'_n + \frac{h}{8}k_1\right)$

$k_3 = hf\left(x_n + h, y_n + hy'_n + \frac{h}{2}k_2\right).$

*See page II.