

$$8.14.8 \int_{-1}^1 P_\nu(x) Q_\rho(x) dx = [(\nu - \rho)(\rho + \nu + 1)]^{-1} \left\{ 1 - \cos(\rho\pi - \nu\pi) - \frac{2}{\pi} \sin \pi\nu \cos \pi\nu [\psi(\nu + 1) - \psi(\rho + 1)] \right\}$$

($\Re \nu > 0, \Re \rho > 0, \rho \neq \nu$)

$$8.14.9 \int_{-1}^1 P_\nu(x) Q_\nu(x) dx = -\frac{1}{\pi} (2\nu + 1)^{-1} \sin 2\nu\pi \psi'(\nu + 1)$$

($\Re \nu > 0$)

(m, n, l positive integers)

$$8.14.10 \int_{-1}^1 Q_n^m(x) P_l^m(x) dx = (-1)^m \frac{1 - (-1)^{l+n} (n+m)!}{(l-n)(l+n+1)(n-m)!}$$

$$8.14.11 \int_{-1}^1 P_n^m(x) P_l^m(x) dx = 0 \quad (l \neq n)$$

$$8.14.12 \int_{-1}^1 P_n^m(x) P_n^l(x) (1-x^2)^{-1} dx = 0 \quad (l \neq m)$$

$$8.14.13 \int_{-1}^1 [P_n^m(x)]^2 dx = (n + \frac{1}{2})^{-1} (n+m)! / (n-m)!$$

$$8.14.14 \int_{-1}^1 (1-x^2)^{-1} [P_n^m(x)]^2 dx = (n+m)! / m(n-m)!$$

$$8.14.15 \int_0^1 P_\nu(x) x^\rho dx = \frac{\pi^{1/2} 2^{-\rho-1} \Gamma(1+\rho)}{\Gamma(1 + \frac{1}{2}\rho - \frac{1}{2}\nu) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}\rho + \frac{1}{2}\nu + \frac{3}{2})}$$

($\Re \rho > -1$)

$$8.14.16 \int_0^\pi (\sin t)^{\alpha-1} P_\nu^{-\mu}(\cos t) dt = \frac{2^{-\mu} \pi \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}\alpha + \frac{1}{2}\mu) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}\alpha - \frac{1}{2}\mu)}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\alpha + \frac{1}{2}\nu) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}\alpha - \frac{1}{2}\nu) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}\mu + \frac{1}{2}\nu + 1) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}\mu - \frac{1}{2}\nu + \frac{1}{2})}$$

($\Re(\alpha \pm \mu) > 0$)

$$8.14.17 P_\nu^{-m}(z) = (z^2 - 1)^{-1/2 m} \int_1^z \dots \int_1^z P_\nu(z) (dz)^m$$

$$8.14.18 Q_\nu^{-m}(z) = (-1)^m (z^2 - 1)^{-1/2 m} \int_z^\infty \dots \int_z^\infty Q_\nu(z) (dz)^m$$

For other integrals, see [8.2], [8.4] and chapter 22.

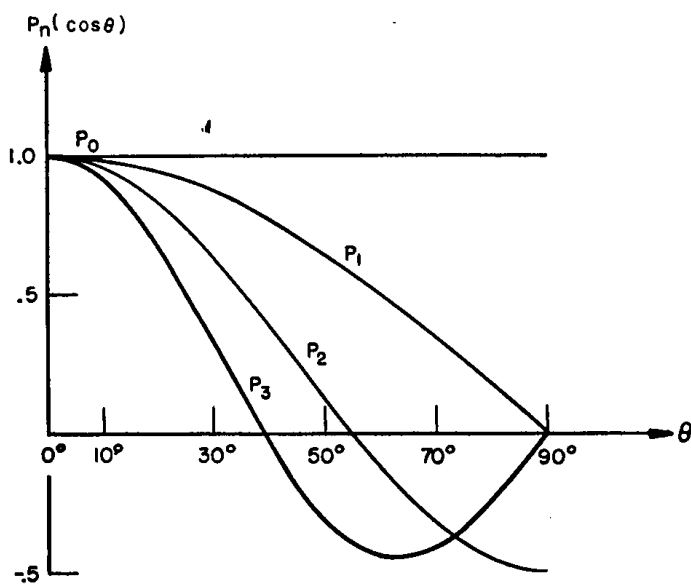


FIGURE 8.1. $P_n(\cos \theta)$. $n=0(1)3$.

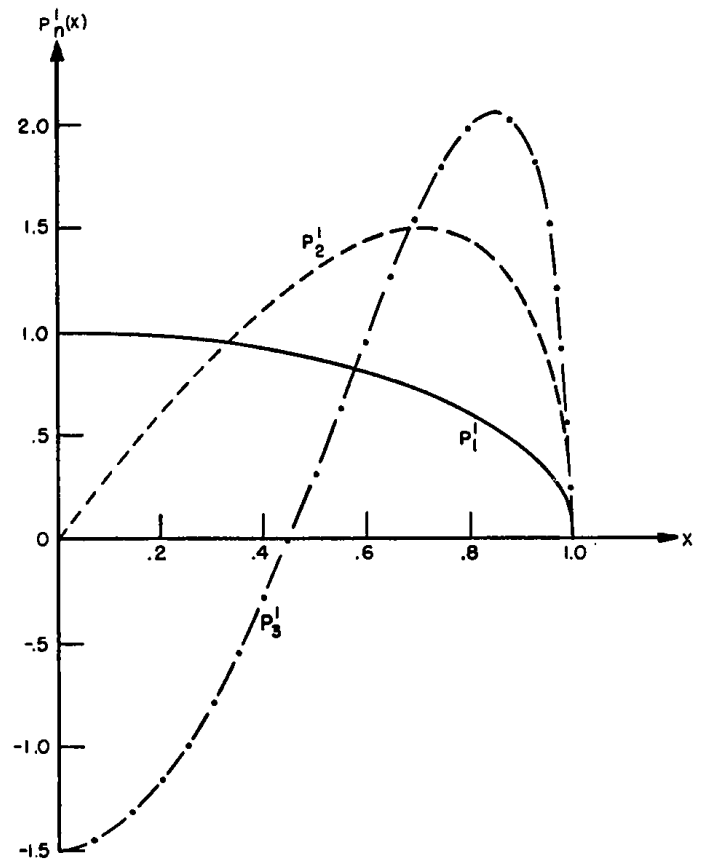


FIGURE 8.2. $P_n^l(x)$. $n=1(1)3, x \le 1$.