

FIGURE 5.3. $y = \alpha_n(x)$
 $n = 0(1)6$

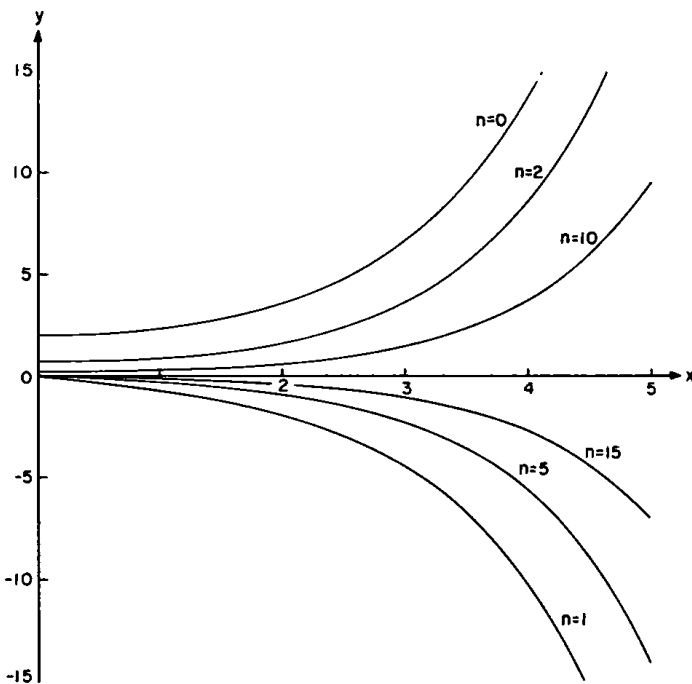


FIGURE 5.4. $y = \beta_n(x)$
 $n = 0, 1, 2, 5, 10, 15$

Series Expansions

5.1.10 $Ei(x) = \gamma + \ln x + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{nn!} \quad (x > 0)$

5.1.11 $E_1(z) = -\gamma - \ln z - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n z^n}{nn!} \quad (|\arg z| < \pi)$

5.1.12 $E_n(z) = \frac{(-z)^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} [-\ln z + \psi(n)] - \sum_{\substack{m=0 \\ m \neq n-1}}^{\infty} \frac{(-z)^m}{(m-n+1)m!} \quad (|\arg z| < \pi)$

$\psi(1) = -\gamma, \psi(n) = -\gamma + \sum_{m=1}^{n-1} \frac{1}{m} \quad (n > 1)$

$\gamma = .57721\ 56649 \dots$ is Euler's constant.

Symmetry Relation

5.1.13 $E_n(\bar{z}) = \overline{E_n(z)}$

Recurrence Relations

5.1.14

$E_{n+1}(z) = \frac{1}{n} [e^{-z} - zE_n(z)] \quad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

5.1.15 $z\alpha_n(z) = e^{-z} + n\alpha_{n-1}(z) \quad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

5.1.16

$z\beta_n(z) = (-1)^n e^z - e^{-z} + n\beta_{n-1}(z) \quad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

Inequalities [5.8], [5.4]

5.1.17

$\frac{n-1}{n} E_n(x) < E_{n+1}(x) < E_n(x) \quad (x > 0; n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

5.1.18

$E_n^2(x) < E_{n-1}(x)E_{n+1}(x) \quad (x > 0; n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

5.1.19

$\frac{1}{x+n} < e^x E_n(x) \leq \frac{1}{x+n-1} \quad (x > 0; n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

5.1.20

$\frac{1}{2} \ln \left(1 + \frac{2}{x}\right) < e^x E_1(x) < \ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) \quad (x > 0)$

5.1.21

$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{E_n(x)}{E_{n-1}(x)} \right] > 0 \quad (x > 0; n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

Continued Fraction

5.1.22

$E_n(z) = e^{-z} \left(\frac{1}{z+1} \frac{n}{z+1} \frac{1}{z+1} \frac{n+1}{z+1} \frac{2}{z+1} \dots \right) \quad (|\arg z| < \pi)$

Special Values

5.1.23 $E_n(0) = \frac{1}{n-1} \quad (n > 1)$

5.1.24 $E_0(z) = \frac{e^{-z}}{z}$

5.1.25 $\alpha_0(z) = \frac{e^{-z}}{z}, \beta_0(z) = \frac{2}{z} \sinh z$